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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/724,803	12/01/2003	Tetsuya Oda	36856.1162	5551
7	7590 03/22/2005		EXAMINER	
Keating & Bennett LLP Suite 312			COLEMAN, WILLIAM D	
10400 Eaton P	lace		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Fairfax, VA	22030		2823	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/724,803	ODA ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	W. David Coleman	2823	
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with t	he correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a rep If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailine earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply oly within the statutory minimum of thirty (30 will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS e, cause the application to become ABANI	be timely filed  ) days will be considered timely. from the mailing date of this communication.  DONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1)	s action is non-final. ance except for formal matters		
Disposition of Claims			
4)  Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5)  Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6)  Claim(s) 1,3,5-9 and 11-20 is/are rejected. 7)  Claim(s) 2,4 and 10 is/are objected to. 8)  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	awn from consideration. or election requirement. er.		
·- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	cepted or b) □ objected to by		
Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct			
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
a) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureat * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received.  Its have been received in Apportity documents have been received in Received	ication No ceived in this National Stage	
Attachment(s)  1)	4) 🔲 Interview Sum	mary (PTO-413)	,
<ul> <li>Notice of Neterioles Cited (1 10-032)</li> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 12/03.</li> </ul>	Paper No(s)/N	mal Patent Application (PTO-152)	

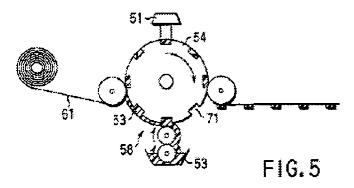
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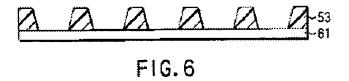
### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1, 3, 5-9 and 11-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Watanabe et al., U.S. Patent Application Publication No. U.S. 2002/0017864 A1 in view of Deeken et al., U.S. Patent 6,114,404.

Watanabe discloses a semiconductor process substantially as claimed. See FIGS. 1-32 where Watanabe teaches the following limitations.





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3. Pertaining to claim 1, <u>Watanabe</u> teaches a method of forming a thick-film wiring on a

substrate comprising:

a first step of filling a photosensitive-electro-conductive paste 53 into a pattern groove 71 formed

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on the surface of a plate 54, the pattern groove corresponding to a desired thick-film wiring

pattern;

a second step of irradiating 51 the photo-sensitive electro-conductive paste filled in the pattern

groove with light rays from the front of the plate to cause the photosensitive-electro-conductive

paste to harden until the peripheral surface of the electro-conductive paste has a predetermined

hardness;

a third step of transferring the photosensitive electro-conductive paste hardened in the plate

directly to the substrate or via an intermediate piece to the substrate; and

a fourth step of firing the photosensitive-electro-conductive paste, whereby the thick-film wiring

is formed on the substrate (see paragraph [0242]). However, Watanabe fails to disclose a light-

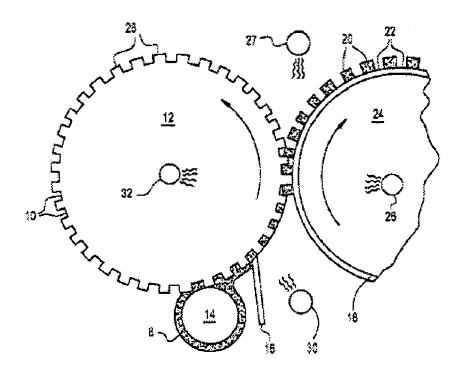
transmissive plate and the second step of irradiating the photosensitive electro-conductive paste

filled in the pattern groove with light rays from the front and back sides of the plate.

<u>Deeken</u> teaches a light transmissive plate and irradiating both the front and back sides of the

plate.

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In view of <u>Deeken</u>, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to incorporate the limitations of irradiating the front and back sides of the plate in the <u>Watanabe</u> semiconductor process because the transfer layer is cured by exposure to radiation source 26, 27, 30 and 32 (column 17, lines 1-5)

4. Pertaining to claim 3, <u>Watanabe</u> in view of <u>Deeken</u> teaches a method of forming a thick-film wiring according to Claim 2, wherein in the second step, light having a wavelength of at least about 350 nm irradiates the photosensitive-electro-conductive paste from the front and back sides of the plate (the Examiner takes the position that the UV light disclosed by Watanabe falls within the claimed wavelength see paragraph [0211]).

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5. Pertaining to claim 5, Watanabe in view of Deeken teaches a method of forming a thick-

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film wiring according to Claim 1, wherein the intermediate piece is made of a light-transmissive

material;

the second step includes irradiating light from the back side of the plate and from the backside of

the intermediate piece while the intermediate piece and the plate overlap each other; and

the third step includes transferring the photo-sensitive electro-conductive paste hardened in the

plate to the intermediate piece, and then, transferring the photosensitive-electro-conductive paste

from the intermediate piece to the substrate.

6. Pertaining to claim 6, Watanabe in view of Deeken teaches a method of forming a thick-

film wiring according to Claim 1, wherein, in the second step, the quantity of light irradiated

from the front side of the plate is larger than the quantity of light irradiated from the back side of

the plate.

7. Pertaining to claim 7, Watanabe in view of Deeken teaches a method of forming a thick-

film wiring according to Claim 1, wherein the plate is a flexible plate made of resin, and the resin

plate is bonded to a support which is light-transmissive and non-flexible.

8. Pertaining to claim 8, Watanabe in view of Deeken teaches a method of forming a thick-

film wiring according to Claim 1, wherein a release agent is coated on an inner surface of the

pattern groove of the plate.

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9. Pertaining to claim 9, Watanabe in view Deeken teaches a method of producing a

laminated electronic component comprising the steps of: preparing a substrate made of a green

sheet; transferring photosensitive-electro-conductive paste onto the substrate directly or via an

intermediate piece;

repeating the steps of preparing and transferring to form a laminate of plural substrates having

the photo sensitive electro-conductive paste transferred thereto; and firing the laminate;

wherein the photosensitive-electro-conductive paste is formed by the method of forming a thick-

film wiring defined in Claim 1.

10. Pertaining to claim 11, Watanabe in view of Deeken teaches a method of forming a thick-

film wiring according to Claim 9, wherein the intermediate piece is made of a light transmitting

material;

the second step includes irradiating light from the back side of the plate and from the back side

of the intermediate piece while the intermediate piece and the plate overlap each other; and

the third step includes transferring the photo sensitive electro-conductive paste hardened in the

plate to the intermediate piece, and then, transferring the photosensitive-electro-conductive paste

from the intermediate piece to the substrate.

11. Pertaining to claim 12, Watanabe in view of Deeken teaches a method of forming a thick-

film wiring according to Claim 9, wherein, in the second step, the quantity of light irradiated

from the front side of the plate is larger than the quantity of light irradiated from the back side of

the plate.

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12. Pertaining to claim 13, Watanabe in view of Deeken teaches a method of forming a thick-

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film wiring according to Claim 9, wherein the plate is a flexible plate made of resin, and the resin

plate is bonded to a support which is light-transmitting and non-flexible.

13. Pertaining to claim 14, Watanabe in view of Deeken teaches a method of forming a thick-

film wiring according to Claim 9, wherein a release agent is coated on an inner surface of the

pattern groove of the plate.

14. Pertaining to claim 15, Watanabe in view of Deeken teaches a method of forming a thick-

film wiring according to Claim 1, wherein the plate is an intaglio plate.

15. Pertaining to claim 16, Watanabe in view of Deeken teaches a method of forming a thick-

film wiring according to Claim 1, wherein a surface of the plate is coated with a release agent.

16. Pertaining to claim 17, Watanabe in view of Deeken teaches a method of forming a thick-

film wiring according to Claim 16, wherein the release agent is a fluororesin.

17. Pertaining to claim 18, Watanabe in view of Deeken teaches a method of forming a thick-

film wiring according to Claim 1, wherein a cross-sectional shape of the pattern groove is a

trapezoid having side walls with a predetermined tapering-angle.

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18. Pertaining to claim 19, <u>Watanabe in view of Deeken</u> teaches a method of forming a thick-film wiring according to Claim 1, wherein a surface of the substrate is coated with an adhesive.

Pertaining to claim 20, Watanabe in view of Deeken teaches a method of forming a thick-film wiring according to Claim 1, wherein the plate is made of glass.

## **Objections**

19. Claims 2, 4 and 10 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

### Conclusion

- 20. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to W. David Coleman whose telephone number is 571-272-1856. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 9:00 AM 5:30 PM.
- 21. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Olik Chaudhuri can be reached on 571-272-1855. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent 22.

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W. David Coleman Primary Examiner Art Unit 2823

WDC